Update on Static Keys

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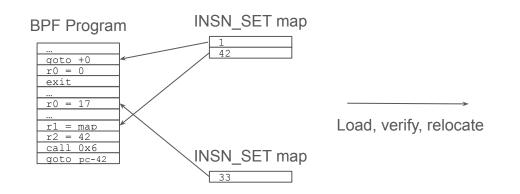




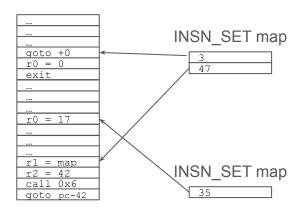
BPF Static Keys: RFC

- I've recently <u>posted an RFC</u> which implements instruction sets and static keys
- Let's take a look at API to be on the same page
- Then there are a few open question
- See [1], [2], [3] for more details on the [evolution of] design

A new BPF map: Instruction Set



BPF Program



Instruction Sets: API

```
struct {
    __uint(type, BPF_MAP_TYPE_INSN_SET);
    __type(key, __u32);
    __type(value, __u32);
    __uint(max_entries, N);
} insn_set SEC(".maps")
```

Instruction Sets: API, continued

Instruction Sets: API, continued

```
LIBBPF_OPTS(bpf_prog_load_opts, opts);

opts.fd_array = &map_fd;
opts.fd_array_cnt = 1;

return bpf_prog_load(type, NULL, "GPL", insns, insn_cnt, &opts);
```

(Now the prog is loaded, and the map can be dumped by userspace. See the

prog tests/bpf insn set.c selftest for examples.)

Instruction Sets: API

- In its simplest form INSN_SET can only be used for debugging.
 (If this turns out to be useful, this is possible to add xlated -> jitted info as well.)
- For practical use, there will be added more flavours:
 - BPF_F_STATIC_KEY: static keys
 - BPF_F_CALL_TABLE: indirect calls
 - BPF_F_JUMP_TABLE: indirect jumps

Static Keys: Kernel API

```
struct {
    __uint(type, BPF_MAP_TYPE_INSN_SET);
    __type(key, __u32);
    __type(value, __u32);
    __uint(max_entries, N);
    __uint(map_extra, BPF_F_STATIC_KEY);
} key SEC(".maps")
```

Static Keys: Kernel API

```
struct {
        uint(type, BPF MAP TYPE INSN SET);
        __type(key, u32);
        type(value, u32);
        uint(max entries, N);
        uint(map extra, BPF F STATIC KEY);
} key SEC(".maps")
    RFC defines this helper (but also see next slides)
DEFINE_STATIC_KEY(key);
```

Static Keys: Kernel API

```
SEC("smth")
int check_one_key_likely(void *ctx)
        if (bpf static branch unlikely(&key))
                do something unlikely;
        else
                do_something_by_default;
        return 0;
```

Static Keys: libbpf

- Libbpf finds all the required static keys info in .static_keys and .rel.static_keys, creates and freezes maps, populates the fd_array/fd_array_cnt
- Now the bpf(STATIC_KEY_UPDATE, on/off) syscall can be used to toggle the branches on/off
- uAPI problem: the key is only defined for one program (see the next slides)

BPF Static Keys: problems with API

```
DEFINE_STATIC_KEY(key);
[static] void foo(void)
        if (bpf_static_branch_unlikely(&key))
                ...;
SEC("smth") int prog1(void *ctx)
        if (bpf_static_branch_likely(&key))
        . . .
SEC("smth") int prog2(void *ctx)
        if (bpf_static_branch_likely(&key))
        . . .
```

BPF Static Keys: problems with API

```
DEFINE STATIC KEY(key);
[static] void foo(void)
        if (bpf_static_branch_unlikely(&key))
                 . . . ;
SEC("smth") int prog1(void *ctx)
        if (bpf static branch likely(&key))
        . . .
SEC("smth") int prog2(void *ctx)
        if (bpf_static_branch_likely(&key))
        . . .
```

From "normal" BPF perspective, this code is correct. However, one particular static key only makes sense in the context of one program. Even if prog1/prog2 do not use the key directly, for the sub-program foo() the offsets will be different on each load.

Static Keys: libbpf

- So, on object load libbpf should actually create multiple instances of key: prog1.key, prog2.key
- Should work fine, but now users have to keep track of the keys,
 e.g., when adding/removing progs to/from an object
- Better to provide a wrapper: bpf_object__static_key_update()
- Should this be done on object-level? Generated for a skeleton? Alternatives?

BPF Static Keys: which instruction to use?

- Namely, may_goto vs. "special" BPF_JA
- (99% answer is may_goto; RFC still uses BPF_JA and thus should be changed)

